

GLOBAL CONNECT

NRI Newsletter | October 2022

WORLD-CLASS BANKING FOR GLOBAL ACHIEVERS





MANAGING DIRECTOR'S MESSAGE

DEAR NRI PATRONS,

SEASON'S GREETINGS AND WARM WISHES.

I have immense pleasure in staying connected with you through this newsletter.

In our 67 years of ardent journey, State Bank of India, could earn the trust of millions across the world. It is this trust which has enabled us to grow from strength to strength.

Our motto is to provide excellent customer service with the help of our 436 specialised and intensive NRI Branches. Our digitisation journey is an ongoing process, as going digital is the need of the hour.

We are pleased to inform that the most awaited demand of our NRI customers of getting OTP over email in addition to SMS has been rolled out. Now the customers, who were facing challenges in getting OTP over phone while being abroad or travelling, will now be able to do transactions through digital channel easily.

Recently we have improved our rates on FCNR(B) deposits. You may reap the benefit of higher returns on your investment by remitting your foreign currency funds to India and keep deposits with us.

We are sanguine that you will continue to bank with us. Being a Brand Ambassador of our Bank, we trust that you will share your experience with your near and dear ones to strengthen your Bank further.

We will continue to strive for maintaining digital leadership with constant innovations to provide an unmatched customer experience. We thank you for your continued patronage.

Stay Safe, Stay Healthy.

Alok Kumar Choudhary

Managing Director

(Retail Banking & Operations)

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NEWS FROM INDIA

INDIA TOP COUNTRY FOR SENDING STUDENTS TO THE US FOR HIGHER EDUCATION

Minister Counsellor for Consular Affairs US Embassy in New Delhi has said that US diplomatic missions in India issued a record breaking 82000 student visas between May-June 2022 i.e. more than to any other country in the world. This year, India is the number one country for sending students to US colleges and Universities.

GLIMPSE OF NRI MEET: CONDUCTED ACROSS INDIA IN THE MONTH OF AUGUST'2022







NUMBER OF NRIs ACROSS THE GLOBE ROSE 18 % TO 13.4 MILLION BETWEEN 2015-2018

In reply to a Question in Lok Sabha, the government informed the parliament that an estimated 13.5 million Indian nationals reside in various countries in 2021, of which 8.8 million were in Gulf.

RBI NOTIFICATION: LIBERALISATION OF FOREX FLOWS

For increasing forex inflows in country, RBI has announced measures on 06.07.2022, which is valid till 31.10.2022.On account of this, improved interest rates on FCNR(B) and NRE deposits have been extended to NRI customers.

NEWS FROM INDIA

NPS FOR NRIs

National Pension System (NPS) is a defined contribution pension system introduced by the Government of India as part of Pension Sector reforms, with an objective to provide social security to all citizens of India. It is administered and regulated by PFRDA.

FEATURES OF NPS SCHEME

- All IndianCitizen (including NRIs) between 18-70 years can open Pension Account under NPS (Only Tier I/Tier I& Tier II).
- Minimum contribution to open a Tier 1 account is ₹500, and ₹1000 for a Tier 2 account.
- Maximum Investment: No upper limit

Lock in: Till you attain the age of 60.

TIER I:-

Tier 1 NPS account is primarily meant for retirement savings where subscriber has to make a minimum contribution of $\stackrel{?}{\sim}500$ while opening the account. Under this scheme, one can withdraw up to 60% of the total amount, accumulated after retirement. The remaining 40% of the corpus is utilised to buy annuities to secure a regular monthly income source in the form of a pension.

TIER II:-

NPS Tier 2 is an open-access account where one can opt for with a minimum investment of ₹1000. a subscriber is free to withdraw the amount prematurely to fund various needs. one can either withdraw the entire corpus as a lump sum or go for multiple withdrawals without any limit.

PART WITHDRAWALS (TIER-I): -

- A partial withdrawal of accumulated pension wealth for certain purpose, not exceeding 25 % of the employee contributions, after a lock in period of 3 years.
- Allowed to withdraw only a maximum of three (3) times during the entire tenure subject to conditions
 prescribed by the Regulator.

EXIT OPTION (TIER I)

ON ATTAINING AGE OF 60 YEARS:

- Minimum 40 % of the corpus needs to be invested in Annuity Scheme.
- 60 % of the corpus can be commuted/withdrawn in lump sum /staggered anytime up to age of 70 years.
- 40 % of total corpus withdrawn is tax free.

ON ATTAINING AGE OF 60 YEARS:

- 20 % of the corpus can be withdrawn in lump sum.
- 80 % OF THE CORPUS WILL BE INVESTED IN A 'Annuity Scheme'.

NOMINATION: - AVAILABLE

NRI subscriber can opt for Repatriation or Non-repatriation. If subscriber opts for repatriation, Bank
account should only be NRE and future contributions must also come from NRE account. If NRI
subscriber opts for non-repatriation, the future credits will be made in NRO account
only.Pension/Annuity will be paid in local currency i.e. INR.

RESIDENCY STATUS OF NRIs

The NRI status primarily depends on the period of your stay in India. As per Section 6 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (ITA), you can be treated as an NRI in any given financial year (FY) provided you are present in India:

- · For less than 182 days during that fiscal year, or
- For less than 365 days cumulatively during the preceding four fiscal years and less than 60 days during that fiscal year
- From FY 2020-21, the period of 182 days has been reduced to 120 days for those who are Indian citizens/person of Indian origin, and whose income accruing or arising in India exceeds Rs 15 lakh during that fiscal year. However, if your total taxable income in India is less than Rs 15 lakh during any financial year, then your status would be Non-resident if your stay is for less than 181 days. This is just like in the earlier case.

A PERSON SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE A RESIDENT OF INDIA:

- If he/she is a citizen of India or a person of Indian origin, and
- · He/she has no liability to pay tax in any other country, and
- the total income (apart from foreign income sources) is more than Rs 15 lakh, and
- there is no tax liability in other countries or territories by reason of the domicile, residence or any such criteria
- The said rule is effective from 1st April 2020.

RESIDENT BUT NOT ORDINARILY RESIDENT (RNOR)

RNOR is a transitional residential status, which is given prior to you becoming a ROR.NRIs returning to India qualify as an RNOR for any fiscal year provided he/she has been:

- An NRI in 9 out of 10 years preceding the fiscal year under consideration, or
- In India for no more than 729 days during the preceding seven years, or
- He/sheis not a tax resident in any other country, and his/her income in India exceeded Rs 15 lakh in the previous year with his/her stay in India ranging from 120 days to 181 days in that particular year. In case an NRI do not fulfil any one of the above-mentioned conditions, status will become an ordinary resident.

Duration of stay in India	Total income (excluding income from overseas)	Residential status
Stay in India is for 182 days or more	Exceeds Rs 15 lakh	Resident
stay is for 120 days or more but less than 182 days	Exceed Rs 15 lakh	RNOR
stay is for 120 days or more but less than 182 days	Below Rs 15 lakh	NRI
stay in India for less than 120 days	Exceeds Rs 15 lakh	NRI
stay in India for less than 120 days	Below Rs 15 lakh	NRI

FAQ ON NRI TAXATION

Q. IS THE RESIDENTIAL STATUS OF A PERSON RELEVANT FOR DETERMINING THE TAXABILITY OF THE INCOME IN HIS HANDS?

- A- Yes, the residential status of a person earning income is very much relevant for determining the taxability of such income in his hands.
 - Taxability of any income in the hands of a person depends on the following two things:
- (1) Residential status of the person as per the Income-tax Law; and
- (2 Nature of income earned by him.

Hence, residential status plays a vital role in determining the taxability of the income.

Q. WHAT ARE THE DIFFERENT CLASSES OF RESIDENTIAL STATUS PRESCRIBED UNDER THE INCOME TAX LAW FOR AN INDIVIDUAL?

- A- For the purpose of Income-tax Law, an individual can have any one of the following residential statuses:
- (1) Resident and ordinarily resident in India (also known as resident)
- (2) Resident but not ordinarily resident in India
- (3) Non-resident

Every year the residential status of the taxpayer is to be determined by applying the provisions of the Income-tax Law designed in this regard (discussed later) and, hence, it may so happen that in one year the individual would be a resident and ordinarily resident and in the next year he may become non-resident or resident

Q- WILL A PERSON HOLDING INDIAN CITIZENSHIP BE TREATED AS A RESIDENT IN INDIA FOR THE PURPOSE OF CHARGING INCOME-TAX?

A- The Finance Act, 2020 has introduced new section 6(1A) to the Income-tax Act, 1961. The new provision provides that an Indian citizen shall be deemed to be resident in India only if his total income, other than income from foreign sources, exceeds Rs. 15 lakhs during the previous year. For this provision, income from foreign sources means income which accrues or arises outside India (except income derived from a business controlled in or a profession set up in India).

However, such individual shall be deemed to be Indian resident only when he is not liable to tax in any country or jurisdiction by reason of his domicile or residence or any other criteria of similar nature.

Thus, from Assessment Year 2021-22, an Indian Citizen earning total income in excess of Rs. 15 lakhs (other than from foreign sources) shall be deemed to be resident in India if he is not liable to pay tax in any country.

"Liable to tax" in relation to a person and with reference to a country means that there is an income-tax liability on such person under the law of that country for the time being in force. It shall include a person who has subsequently been exempted from such liability under the law of that

Q.-WHICH INCOMES ARE CHARGED TO TAX IN INDIA IN THE HANDS OF A TAXPAYER?

A- The following chart highlights the tax incidence in case of different persons:.

Nature of income	Residential status			
	ROR (*)	RNOR (*)	NR (*)	
Income which accrues or arises in India	Taxed	Taxed	Taxed	
Income which is deemed to accrue or arise in India	Taxed	Taxed	Taxed	
Income which is received in India	Taxed	Taxed	Taxed	
Income which is deemed to be received in India	Taxed	Taxed	Taxed	
Income accruing outside India from a business				
controlled from India or from a profession set up in India	Taxed	Taxed	Not taxed	
Income other than above (i.e., income which has no				
relation with India)	Taxed	Not taxed	Not taxed	

Q- WHAT INCOMES ARE DEEMED TO HAVE ACCRUE OR ARISE IN INDIA?

- A- Following incomes are treated as incomes deemed to have accrued or arisen in India:
- Capital gain arising on transfer of property situated in India.
- Income from business connection in India.
- Income from salary in respect of services rendered in India.
- Salary received by an Indian national from Government of India in respect of service rendered outside India. However, allowances and perquisites are exempt in this case.
- Income from any property, asset or other source of income located in India.
- Dividend paid by an Indian company.
- Interest received from Government of India.
- Interest received from a resident is treated as income deemed to have accrued or arisen in India in all cases, except where such interest is earned in respect of funds borrowed by the resident and used by resident for carrying on business/profession outside India or is in respect of funds borrowed by the resident and is used for earning income from any source outside India.
- Interest received from a non-resident is treated as income deemed to accrue or arise in India if such interest is in respect of funds borrowed by the non-resident for carrying on any business/profession in India.
- Royalty/fees for technical services received from Government of India.
- Royalty/fees for technical services received from resident is treated as income deemed to have accrued or arisen in India in all cases, except where such royalty/fees relates to business/profession/other source of income carried on by the payer outside India.
- Royalty/fees for technical services received from non-resident is treated as income deemed to have accrued or arisen in India if such royalty/fees is for business/profession/other source of income carried by the payer in India.
- Income arising outside India, being any sum of money referred to in sub-clause (xviia) of clause (24) of section 2, paid on or after 05-07-2019 by a person resident in India to a non-resident.

PROHIBITED SECTORS/PERSONS FOR FOREIGN INVESTMENT IN INDIA

- A. Investment by a person resident outside India is prohibited in the following sectors:
- Lottery Business including Government/ private lottery, online lotteries.
- Gambling and betting including casinos.
- · Chit funds, Nidhi company
- Trading in Transferable Development Rights (TDRs).
- Real Estate Business or Construction of farmhouses.
 - Explanation: For the purpose of this rule, 'real estate business shall not include development of townships, construction of residential or commercial premises, roads or bridges and Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) registered and regulated under the SEBI (REITs) Regulations, 2014.
- Manufacturing of Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes, of tobacco or of tobacco substitutes.
- Activities/sectors do not open to private sector investment viz., (i) Atomic energy and (ii) Railway operations
- Foreign technology collaboration in any form including licensing for franchise, trademark, brand name, management contract is also prohibited for lottery business and gambling and betting activities.
- B. Investment under Schedule I of NDI Rules by an entity of a country, which shares land border with India or where the beneficial owner of an investment into India is situated in or is a citizen of any such country, can invest only under the Government approval route. [Ref: Press Note No. 3 (2020 Series)]
- C. A person who is a citizen of Pakistan or an entity incorporated in Pakistan can, only with the prior Government approval, invest in sectors/ activities other than defence, space, atomic energy and sectors/ activities prohibited for foreign investment.
 - In the event of the transfer of ownership of any existing or future FDI in an entity in India, directly or indirectly, resulting in the beneficial ownership falling within the restriction or purview of (B) and (C) above, such subsequent change in beneficial ownership shall also require government approval.

NRI PRODUCTS, SERVICES AND INITIATIVES

WHAT'S NEW





RE-INITIATION OF OTP OVER EMAIL WITH ENHANCED SECURITIES

in addition to OTP through SMS, customerswill now receive OTP on their registered email address for their INB transactions. Challenges were being faced by customers in receiving OTP on mobile while travelling or at foreign locations due to network issues. After this additional facility, online transactions will be smoother and hassle free.

TIE UP WITH REMITLY

SBI has entered tie up with Remitly (An international payments company that leverages digital channels, including mobile phones, to send money internationally) for easy and secured remittance to India

NRI PRODUCTS, SERVICES AND INITIATIVES

UPI FACILITY FOR NRI CUSTOMERS

Customer can make their utility bill payment by using UPI Application.

COMING SOON

- (1) NRIAccount Opening through YONO App.
- (2) MOU with SBI Canada: Proposed for NRIs/PIOs/OCIs to make the process easier for NRI/NRO account opening, Re-KYC and other eligible NRI services .
- (3) Tie up with Flywire:an easy-to-use payment solution to deposit college fee abroad.

NRI ACCOUNTS AT A GLANCE

ACCOUNTS	NRE	NRO	FCNR (B)	RFC
Purpose of	To park	To park current	To park overseas	To park funds for
account	overseas earnings	Indian earnings and	earnings remitted	returning Indians
	remitted to India	overseas earnings	to India	(for permanent
		remitted to India		settlement)
Currency	Rupees	Rupees	USD, GBP, EURO,	USD, GBP, EURO
			CAD, JPY, AUD	
Types of account	Savings, Current,	Savings, Current,	Fixed Deposits	Fixed Deposits
	Fixed Deposits	Fixed Deposits	(TDR/STDR)	(TDR/STDR)
	(TDR/STDR) and RD	(TDR/STDR) and RD		
Investment Term	Min: 1 Year	Min: 7 Days	Min: 1 Year	Min: 1 Year
	Max: 10 Years	Max: 10 Years	Max: 5 Years	Max: 3 Years
Repatriable of	Freely Repatriable	Up to USD 1 million		
Principal		per financial year		
		(Conditional)	Freely Repatriable	Freely Repatriable
Repatriable of	Freely Repatriable	Freely Repatriable	Freely Repatriable	Freely Repatriable
Interest		subject to deduction		
		oftax		

For more details, please refer our branches orour bank website @bank.sbi/web/nri

NEWS FROM FOREIGN OFFICES

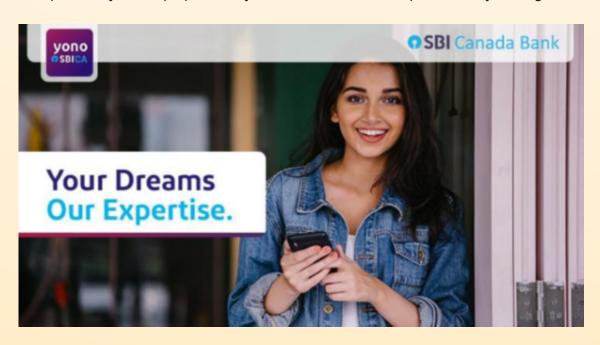
MOVING TO CANADA

Our digital presence is not limited to Canada as we welcome students and residents arriving in Canada through our mobile banking application. Even before they begin their journey to Canada, we provide them with banking solutions that will ease the process of transitioning their finances to Canada safely and securely.



STUDENT GICS IN CANADA

Bringing your money over to Canada for school can be a complicated and an intimidating process. With YONO SBICA, we make it simple for students from India to get a student GIC and meet the requirements for their student visa application. Luckily, this process is much simpler than it appears, and you can get a GIC quite easily and be prepared for your studies abroad even quicker than you imagined!



INTEREST RATES

FCNR (B) DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

Effective from 20th October 2022, Interest rate on FCNR(B) deposit will be as under:

FOREIGN CURRENCY NON-RESIDENT (BANKS) A/Cs [FCNR (B)]

RESIDENT FOREIGN CURRENCY (RFC) ACCOUNT

Maturities	1 yr -	2 yrs -	3 yrs -	4 yrs -	5 yrs	Maturities	1 yr -	2 yrs -	3 years
	less	less	less	less	only		less	less	less
	than	than	than	than			than	than	only
	2 yrs	3 yrs	4 yrs	5 yrs			2 yrs	3 yrs	
USD	4.25	3.45	3.70	3.80	3.90	USD	4.25	3.45	3.70
GBP	3.70	2.35	2.45	2.45	2.45	GBP	3.70	2.35	2.45
CAD	3.50	3.00	3.15	3.20	3.25	EURO	0.50	0.50	0.50
AUD	2.60	2.75	3.00	3.20	3.45				
EURO	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50				
JPY	0.02	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05				

Interest Rates on NRE Term Deposits (% p.a.) w.e.f. 16thSeptember2022:

Maturity period	NRO			
	Below Rs. Two Crore	Rs. Two Crore and above		
1 year to less than 2 years	6.50	6.50		
2 years to less than 3 years	6.00	6.50		
3 years to less than 5 years	6.15	6.25		
5 years and upto 10 years	6.20	6.00		

Interest Rates on NRO Term Deposits (% p.a.):

Maturity period	NRO				
	Below Rs. Two Crore	Rs. Two Crore and above			
	(w.e.f 22.10.2022)	(w.e.f. 13.08.2022)			
7 days to 45 days	3.00	3.50			
46 days to 179 days	4.50	4.25			
180 days to 210 days	5.25	4.50			
211 days to less than 1 year	5.50	5.00			
1 year to less than 2 years	6.10	6.00			
2 years to less than 3 years	6.25	5.25			
3 years to less than 5 years	6.10	5.25			
5 years and upto 10 years	6.10	5.00			

ADDRESS OF DIFFERENT SITE AND OUR EMAIL

FOR YOUR INVESTMENT AND LOAN NEEDS, YOU MAY REFER TO FOLLOWING LINKS.

SBI Life: https://www.sbilife.co.in/en/services/nri-corner

SBI Mutual fund: https://bank.sbi/web/nri/investments/mutual-funds
For Equity Trading https://bank.sbi/web/nri/investments/equity-trading

Home Loan https://bank.sbi/web/nri/loans/home-loan
Car Loan https://bank.sbi/web/nri/loans/car-loan

Please visit our exclusive portal for NRIs at 'NRI Services' Section of www.bank.sbi for more details.

Details of our Global NRI Centre for any customer related quarries:

State Bank of India - Global NRI Centre: 56/170, 2nd Floor, Panampilly Nagar, Ernakulam, Kerala Ph No: 91-484-2326343,91-484-279-6700 Email ID: customercare.nri@sbi.co.in

Phone No of Customer Care-18001234, 1800112211, 18004253800 and 08026599990

Your feedback is important to us. We welcome your suggestions and views to improve our products and services.

Please write to us at cm.nri@sbi.co.in

Beware of Phishing:

SBI does not seek any confidential information through email or over phone. Do not click on any link which has come through email from an unexpected source. It may contain malicious code or could be an attempted phishing attack.

Disclaimer: This Newsletter has been brought out with the sole intention of disseminating useful information to NRIs and does not purport to be a legal document or a solicitation. In case of any variance between what has been stated herein and the relevant Acts/ Rules & Regulations/ Policy Statement / Instructions of the Bank, the latter shall prevail.